

Pioneer Array Update





CFRF 18 April 2018 Al Plueddemann, WHOI



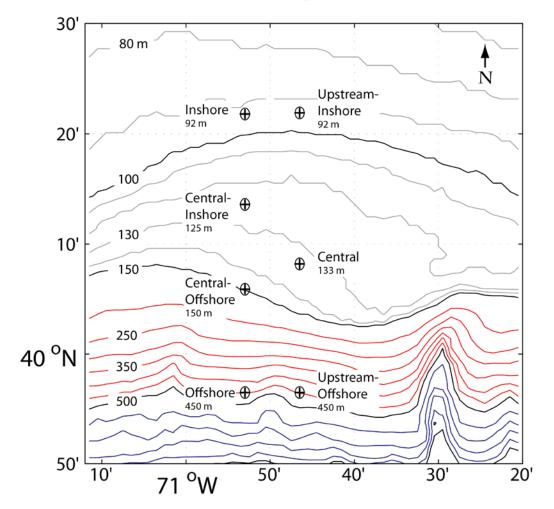


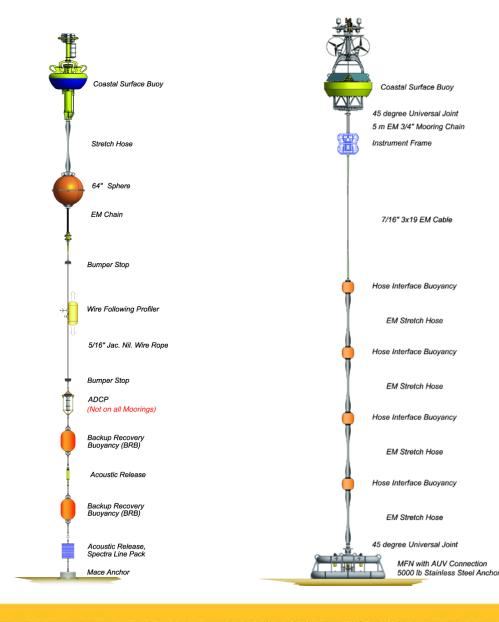
Outline

- Brief review of Pioneer Array elements
- Equipment and operations update
- Brief science summary
- Data access update and demo
- Open discussion



Moored Array Elements







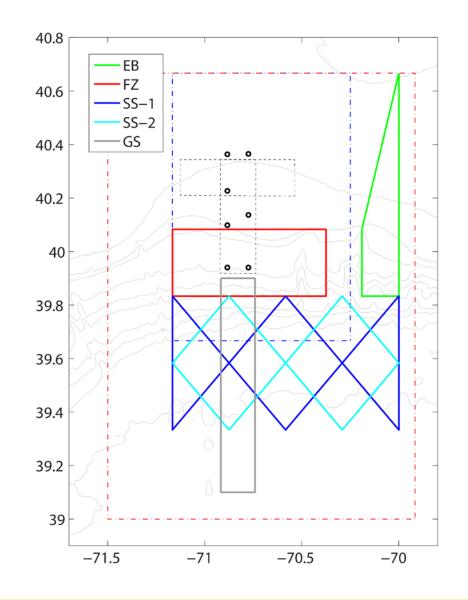
Gliders and AUVs

Gliders

- Each 7 ft long x 10" diam, 200 lb
- 6 gliders on 4 track lines (colored lines)
- Approx service interval 90 days

AUVs

- Each 14 ft long x 13" diam, 700 lb
- 2 AUVs on 2 track lines (dashed lines)
- Approx activity interval 60 days



Update: Equipment and Operations

- No AUV dock, no methanol fuel cells
 - Result: More frequent AUV support cruises
- No surface-piercing profiler moorings
 - Result: Wire following profiler moorings in winter, gliders in summer
- Fatigue, damage and some failures on mooring risers
 - Result: Stronger stretch hoses, re-designed electrical connections
- Interest in state of buoy, instruments, sea and sky during deployment
 - Result: Cameras on surface mooring buoys
 - Still photos once per 3 hr, not publicly available





Camera Examples

Cloud Cam







Instrument inspection







Camera Examples

Sea State







Night and Day

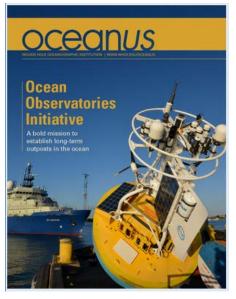






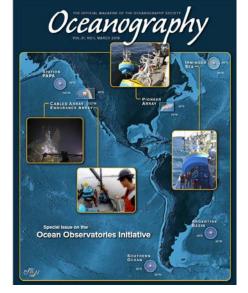
Science Results

- Southern Ocean air-sea flux and mixing
- Irminger Sea deep convection
- Irminger Sea upper ocean biology
- River influence offshore of Washington
- Earthquake monitoring off Oregon
- NE Pacific transient warming
- New Eng Shelfbreak front mean structure
- New Eng Shelf exchange processes
- New Eng Shelf air-sea flux and heating



WHOI Oceanus special issue

Oceanography Magazine special issue



Update: Data Access

- Real-Time data now available ("telemetered")
 - https://ooinet.oceanobservatories.org, "Coastal Pioneer"
 - Typical sampling intervals 15 min to 1 hr, update rate 3 hr
 - Handout with "recipe" for data access and plotting
- Historical data also available ("recovered")
 - More complete data sets due to internal recording
 - Delay of 6 months or more from time of deployment
- Future possibilities
 - Customized web page with selected plots
 - What variables are of interest?





Questions, Discussion, Other Topics

- Notification (e.g. Boatracs)
- Interactions/problems/complaints
- Variables of interest from real-time data server
- Any other topics of interest



Oceanographic Update April 2018 - Shelf Research Fleet

Glen Gawarkiewicz- WHOI
Anna Malek Mercer- CFRF
With assistance from
Frank Bahr- WHOI and Aubrey Ellertson-CFRF



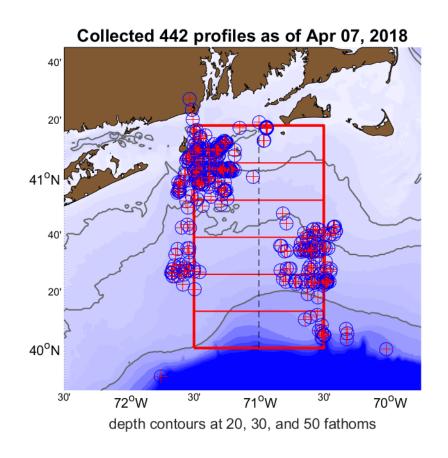




Outline

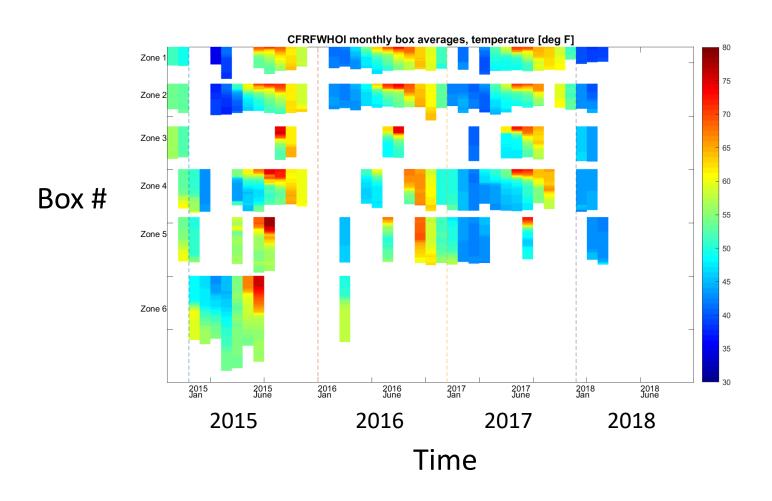
- Overall summary of Shelf Fleet data collected
- Publications- one paper out, one submitted
- Quick Review- 2017 Ring influence in January-February, no rings in May-June, rings in October
- Summary- 2018 south of New England- a remarkable storm and its causes
- Summary- 2018 south of Hudson Canyon- a remarkable Gulf Stream filament

Data Collected to April 7, 2018

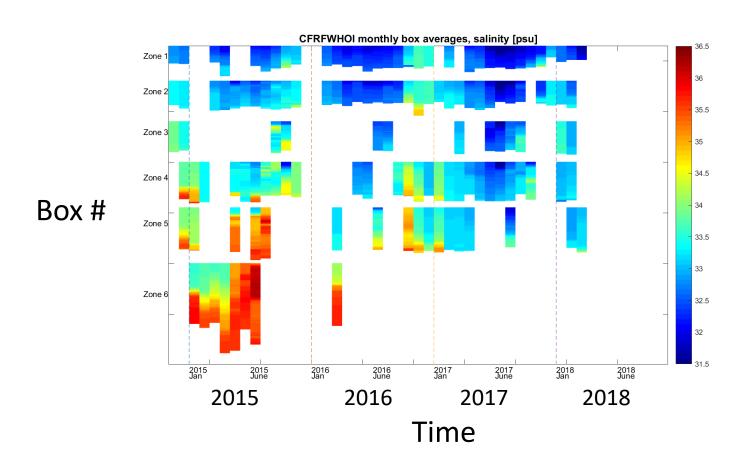


442 Profiles!!! Data collected from Nov. 2014 to present Funding runs through Dec. 2018 for data collection

Temperature Data by month and box



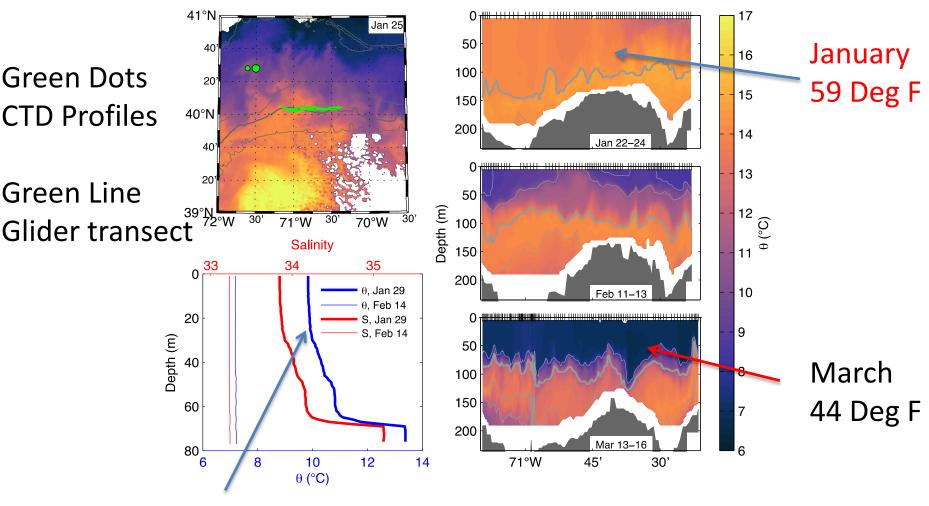
Salinity Data by month and box



Publications

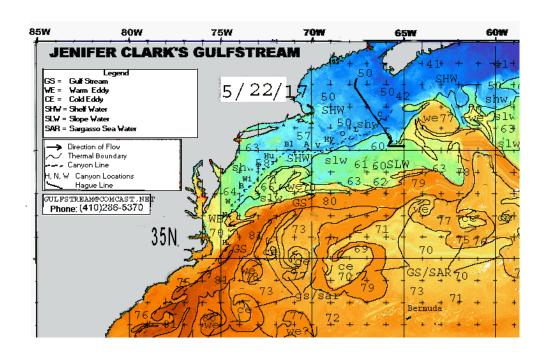
- "The Changing Nature of Shelfbreak Exchange revealed by the OOI Pioneer Array"-Oceanography Magazine, March 2018 GG and AMM co-authors (and others)
- "Partnering with Fishing Fleets to Monitor
 Ocean Conditions"- Annual Reviews in Marine
 Science- submitted GG and AMM co-authors
 Invited review paper

January 2017- Major Ring Intrusion



Warm Anomaly- 9 Deg. F

Gulf Stream configuration May 22 2017- Very Straight!!!



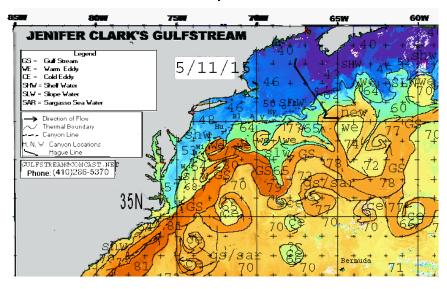
Gulf Stream is very straight between 70 and 65 Deg W

Little or no influence from Gulf Stream/Ring water on shelf in May/June

Examples of Gulf Stream interaction with shelf: May 2015 and 2016

May 2015

May 2016



JENTFER CLARK'S GULFSTREAM

Legend

GS = Gd/ Stream

WE = Warm Eddy

GC = Cold Eddy

SHW = Sheft Water

SLW = Shep Water

SLW = Shep Water

SLW = Surpasso Sea Water

Direction of Thermal Boundary

Carryon Line

H. N. W | Carryon Locations

Hague Line

JULFSTREAM@COMCAST. NEF

Phone: (410)286-5370

35N

ShW

SAR | GS | GS | GS |

SAR | GS | GS |

SAR | GS | GS |

SAR | GS |

SAR | GS |

SAR | GS |

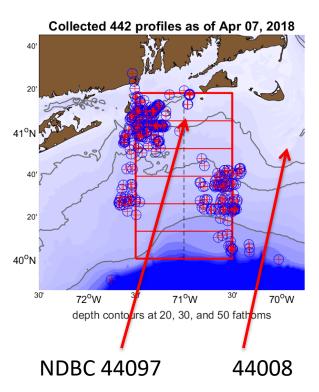
Bernuda | 73

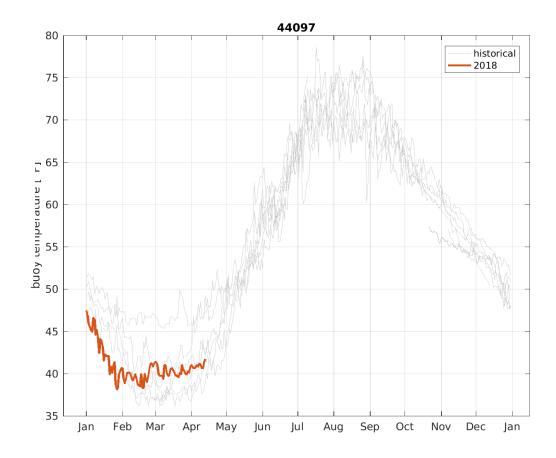
Very contorted Gulf Stream

Big Warm Core Ring

Lots of interaction between Gulf Stream and shelf in May/June time frame

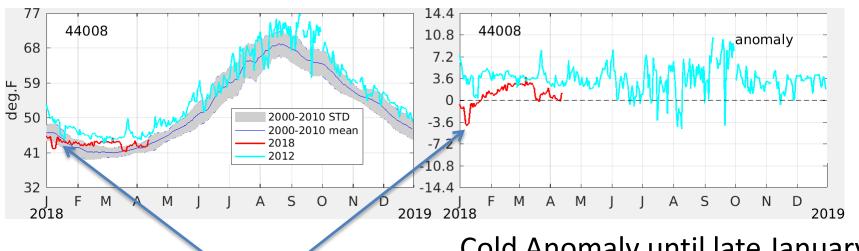
2018- NDBC 44097 Rhode Island Sound





This morning- 40.4 Deg F

2018- NDBC 44008 Nantucket Shoals

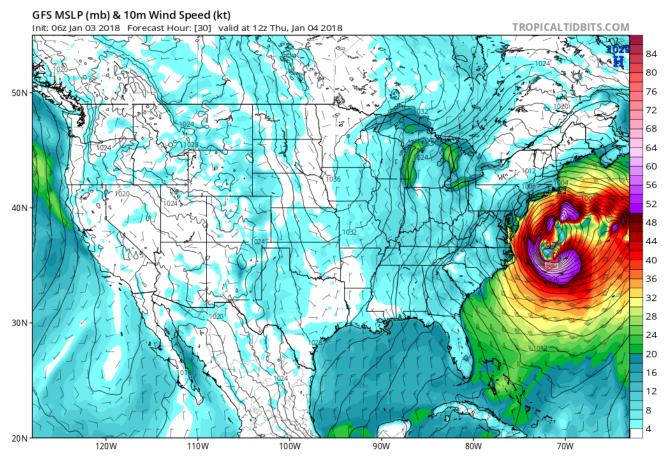


Major Bomb storm- January 4

Cold Anomaly until late January By mid-February have a 2 Deg F warm anomaly

Temperatures close to 2000-2010 average at present- 43 Deg F this morning

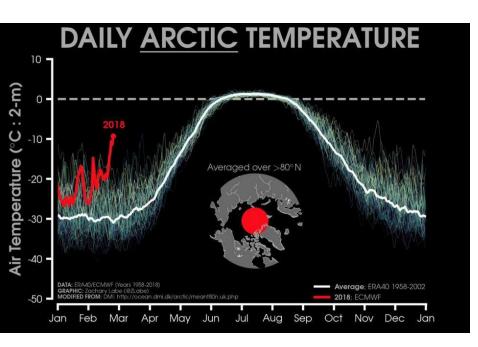
January 4 Bomb Storm



64 knots at 10,000 feet above sea surface- minimum pressure 950 mb

Pressure dropped by 59 mb in 24 hours- bomb is > 24 mb in 24 hours

Why was the January 4 storm so strong?

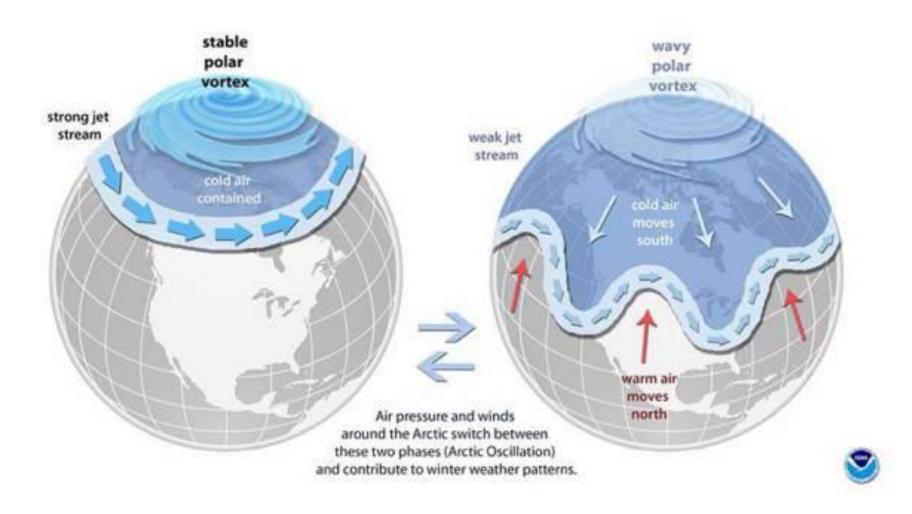




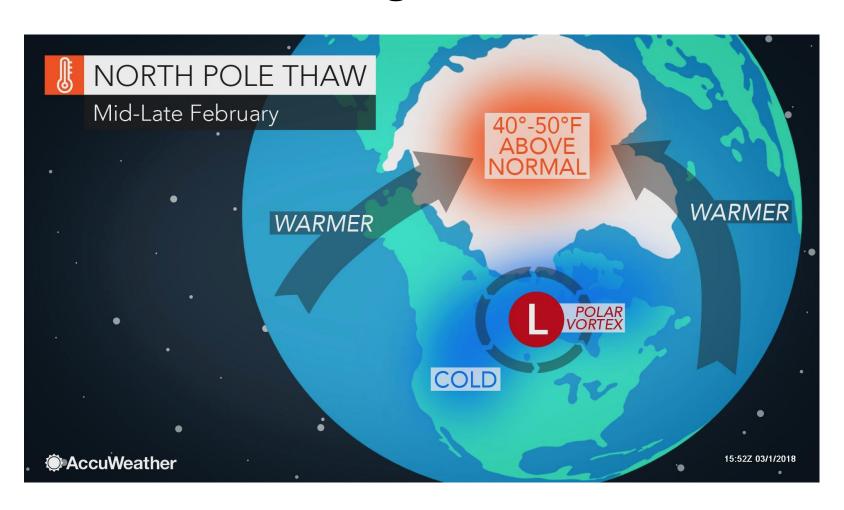
Incredible warming of high Arctic 45 Deg. F

Weak Polar Vortex- Cold Air extends very far South Pattern began in mid-December and is continuing to present

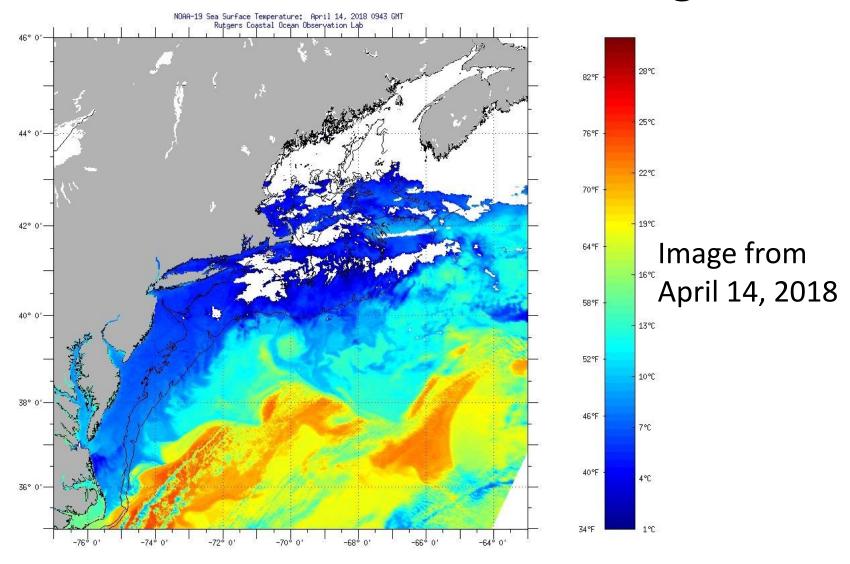
Polar Vortex



Mid-February- Massive warming of High Arctic

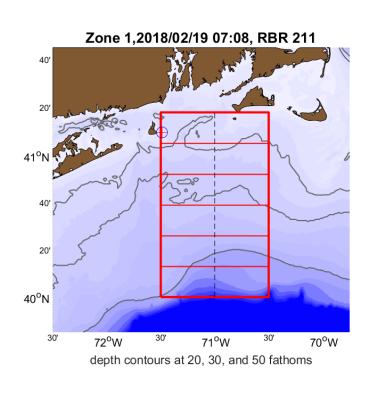


Shelf Conditions south of New England

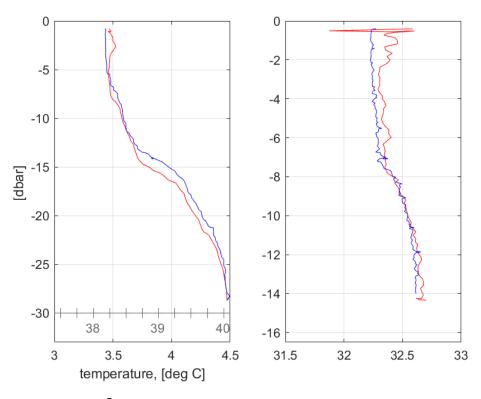


Shelf is cool and free of Gulf Stream/Warm Core Ring influences

Recent Profile- Box 1

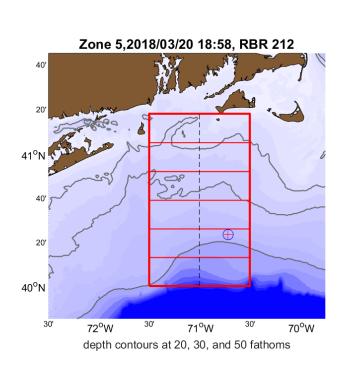


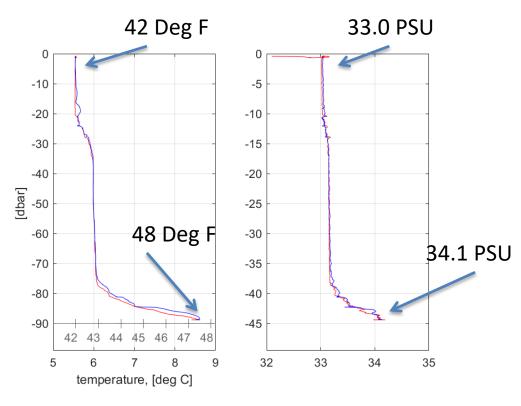
Profile from March 24
Box 1 near Block Island



Surface Temperature 38.2 Deg. F Bottom Temperature 40.0 Deg. F

Recent Profile- Box 5

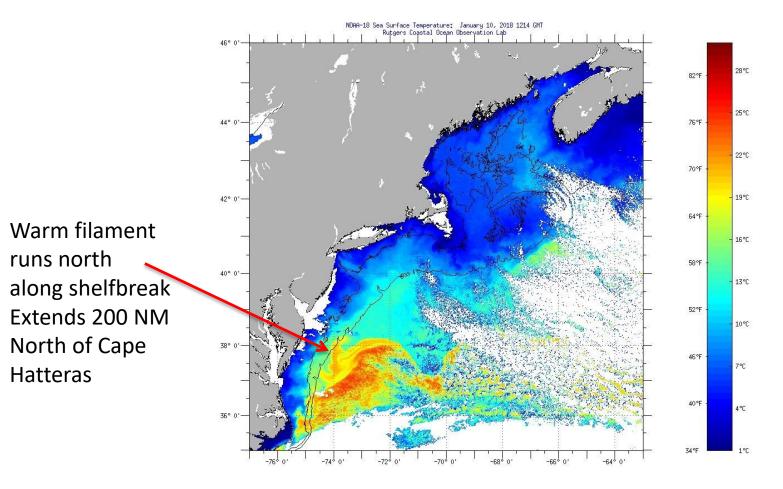




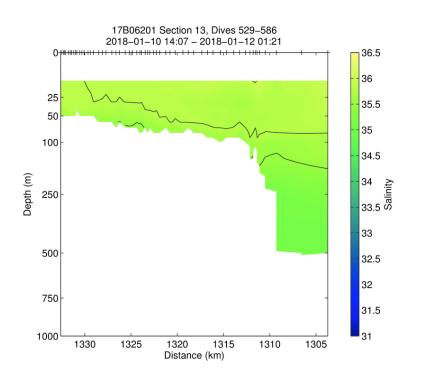
Surface Temperature- 42 Deg. F Bottom Temperature- 48 Deg. F

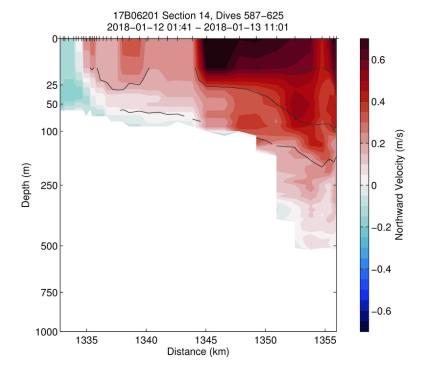
Foot of Shelfbreak Front is at 45 fathoms

South of Hudson Canyon- Gulf Stream filament extends well north of Cape Hatteras



Glider data from near Norfolk Canyon





Salinity > 35.5 PSU Should be < 34 PSU, more typically 33 PSU Flow is to the north at the shelfbreak Instead of to the south (Shelfbreak Jet)

Flow is greater than 1 knot to north

Summary of Conditions south of Hudson Canyon

- Gulf Stream filament started early December with warm salty water heading north along shelfbreak
- Lasted until early April
- What happened to shelf water that normally extends out to 50 fathoms? All Gulf Stream water to 25 fathoms
- Is the northward flow along the shelfbreak linked to the shelf water being pushed offshore south of New England?

Things to Watch For

- Will Gulf Stream have any influence on shelf in critical May/June time period?
- What caused the strong northward flows to extend so far north of Cape Hatteras from December to March?
- Eastward supply of shelf water into Gulf
 Stream was cut off for three months- does this affect Gulf Stream motions?